





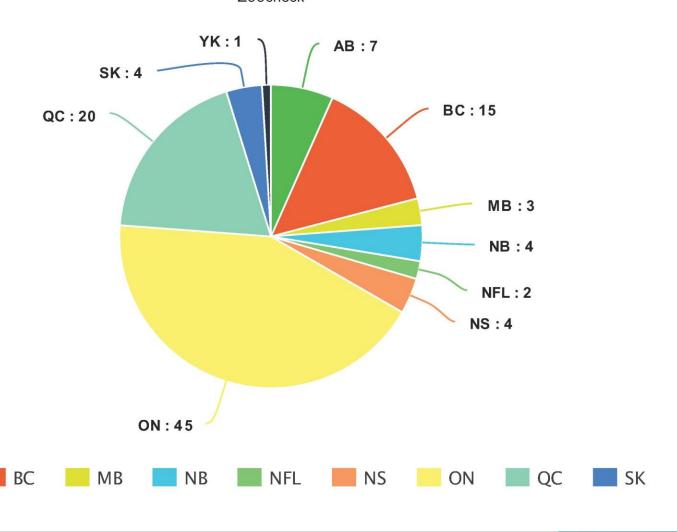
- Zoos/ aquariums
- Private menageries
- Native wildlife displays
- Sanctuaries
- Alternative livestock
- Mobile Live Animal Programs (MLAPs)
- Pets (mass market & specialty)
- Research



Zoos & Animal Displays in Canada Zoocheck

AB

YK



Wild animal/ exotic pet trends – the good

- Public interest and concern about some exotics ↑
- Law and policy-maker interest ↑
- Public acceptance ↓
- Zoos ↓
- Roadside zoos ↓
- Circus wild animal acts/ novelty acts ↓
- Larger zoo-type species kept as pets ↓
- Laws/ regulations ↑
- Greater restrictions on keeping of native wildlife ↑
- Increased use of Positive List regulation ↑

Wild animal/ exotic pet trends - the bad

- Mobile Live Animal Programs (MLAPs) ↑
- Exotic animal/reptile shows ↑
- Reptile zoos ↑
- Some small exotic pet species ↑
- Municipal law focus still on mammals
- Municipal law focus still on prohibited (negative) lists
- Little attention paid to most small exotics in law, policy and enforcement
- No meaningful emphasis on human health issues
- Continued organized opposition to new laws

The Reality – large number of species

- Mammals (5,516)
 - Birds (10,426)
- Reptiles (10,720+) (10,272 in 2015)
 - Amphibians (6,199)
 - Fish (31,500)
 - Other (?)

The reality – large number of people who want to exploit them



Key issues

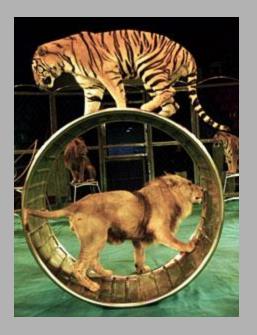
- Animal welfare (capture, transport, holding, sale, destination point, end point)
- Trade/conservation issues, including species reduction and disruption of ecosystems
- Potential introduction of foreign diseases to native wildlife populations and/or establishment as invasive species
- Human health and safety
- Nuisance issues
- Cost issues (local, regional, national)
- Public optics

Key challenges and realities

- Problematic laws (e.g., inconsistent, non-comprehensive, vague, out-dated)
- Outdated regulatory schemes
- Large numbers of species overlooked or ignored
- Lack of sufficient in-house expertise in government/ official agencies
- Excessive reliance on pet industry input/advice (token input from other sources)
- Lack of capacity in enforcement agencies
- Lack of relevant principles, policies and procedures
- Lack of coordination between relevant agencies (e.g., animal services, planning, public health, emergency services, external organizations)

Low hanging fruit?

















MOBILE LIVE ANIMAL PROGRAMS (MLAPs)













